



Log in | Register





International Musculoskeletal Medicine >

Volume 33, 2011 - Issue 3

Enter keywords, authors, DOI, ORCIC This Journal

Advanced search



3

Research articles

# Randomized controlled trial for the treatment of chronic dorsal wrist pain with dextrose prolotherapy

R. Allen Hooper , Kevin Hildebrand, Peter Faris, Myra Westaway & Elizabeth Freiheit

**≦** Download citation 
☑ https://doi.org/10.1179/1753615411Y.0000000011



## Reprints & Permissions

### Abstract

Select Language | ▼

Translator disclaimer Objective

To compare the results of treating chronic dorsal wrist pain with lidocaine (placebo) versus lidocaine/dextrose (dextrose) injection.

#### Methods

Of the 98 patients screened, 39 were entered into the trial. Patients were assessed at baseline, 3 and 12 months post-treatment with Patient Rated Wrist Evaluation (PRWE), range of motion, and grip strength. Injections were completed monthly, up to a total of six treatments. Injections to the periscaphoid, and perilunate ligaments, using a peppering technique, for a total of 1 ml at each site, with 1% lidocaine or a mixture of 0.60% lidocaine and 20% dextrose were given. Blinding was done at all stages of the trial for the patient, study coordinator, prolotherapist, patient outcome measures, and statistician.

#### Results

Twenty patients were assigned to the dextrose solution, and 19 patients were assigned to the placebo solution. There was no







statistically significant difference in the PRWE change scores between the dextrose group and the placebo group (P = 0.483) at 3 months. At 12 months, the adjusted mean reduction in scores was 31.0 for patients treated with dextrose, and 20.9 for those treated with the placebo solution. This difference of 10.1 was a statistically significant effect, with a P-value of 0.043, but is smaller than the minimal clinically important difference of 20 points defined by MacDermid et al. Grip strength and range of motion showed no statistically significant difference between the two treatment groups throughout study.

#### Conclusions

Due to the large treatment effect in the placebo group, it was very unlikely with further enrollment that a clinically significant change of greater than 20 on the PRWE would be found and the trial was discontinued. The efficacy of prolotherapy injections with an active agent relative to a control solution, therefore, has not yet been established. Further studies are needed to compare a treatment group with a non-injection group, subcutaneous needle injection, or dry needling.

Keywords: Wrist pain, Prolotherapy, Randomized controlled trial

## Additional information

## Acknowledgements

The authors wish to thank Meaghan Buisson for her work as a Research Assistant on this project. This study was funded in part by a grant from the Calgary Health Region.

Browse journals by subject

Back to top ^

Area Studies

Arts

**Behavioral Sciences** 

Bioscience

**Built Environment** 

**Communication Studies** 

**Computer Science** 

**Development Studies** 

**Earth Sciences** 

**Economics, Finance, Business & Industry** 

Education

**Engineering & Technology** 

**Environment & Agriculture** 

**Environment and Sustainability** 

Food Science & Technology

Geography

**Health and Social Care** 

Humanities

**Information Science** 

Language & Literature

Law

**Mathematics & Statistics** 

Medicine, Dentistry, Nursing & Allied Health

**Museum and Heritage Studies** 

**Physical Sciences** 

**Politics & International Relations** 

**Social Sciences** 

**Sports and Leisure** 

Tourism, Hospitality and Events

**Urban Studies** 

Information for Open access

Authors Overview **Editors** Open journals Librarians Open Select

Societies Cogent OA Help and info

Help & contact Newsroom

Commercial services

All journals

Keep up to date

Register to receive personalised research and resources by email



Sign me up











Copyright © 2020 Informa UK Limited Privacy policy Cookies Terms & conditions Accessibility

Registered in England & Wales No. 3099067 5 Howick Place | London | SW1P 1WG